



### 1. The Nature of Salvation

- A. People are saved by grace through faith apart from human works. Works are an appreciative response for the salvation received by grace (Ephesians 2:8-10)
- B. Faith in Jesus for salvation means believing in Who He is and what He did in His death and Resurrection (Romans 10:9-13). "Receiving Him" (John 1:12) and "inviting Jesus into our heart" (Romans 8:9-11) are acceptable descriptions of this faith
- C. Some denominations of churches, all Christian cults, and nearly all world religions teach that works help to earn salvation, but works do not (Galatians 2:16)

### 2. The Nature of the Saved

- A. Christians have a Divine nature and a sinful nature. Our behavior reflects the nature we feed (Romans 6:1-14)
- B. Christians can be carnal, living like people who don't know God (1 Corinthians 3:1-3) and can drift into blatant rebellion (1 Timothy 1:18-20; Hebrews 3:12-13). Christians should pray for them (Luke 22:31-32), seek to restore them (Galatians 6:1), and/or give them over to the consequences of their choices (1 Timothy 1:20)

### 3. The Nature of Security

- A. No sin can cause a Christians to lose their salvation (John 10:28-31)
- B. In heaven, saved people will not sin (Revelation 21:4; Hebrews 10:14; 2 Corinthians 5:21)